

Agilent 8643A, 8644B, 8664A, 8665A/B High Performance RF Signal Generators

Data Sheet



A commitment to value in signal generators



Agilent's high performance RF signal generators — choose one for...

...Best price to performance

8643A

- 252 kHz to 1030 MHz, 2060 MHz Option 002
- · For out-of-channel tests
- · Electronic attenuator for high use
- · Lowest cost of the "family"
- · AM, FM, pulse modulation
- Built-in 2 GHz counter (Option 011)
- VOR/ILS signal simulation (Option 009)
- · Ultra low leakage (Option 010)

...Best spectral purity

8644B

- 252 kHz to 1030 MHz, 2060 MHz Option 002
- · Lowest SSB phase noise and spurious
- · Highest output power
- · Lowest residual FM
- · AM, FM, pulse modulation
- Built-in 2 GHz counter (Option 011)
- VOR/ILS signal simulation (Option 009)
- Ultra low leakage (Option 010)

...High RF frequency coverage

8664A and 8665A/B

- 100 kHz to 3000 MHz 8664A, 4200 MHz 8665A, 6000 MHz 8665B
- Low SSB phase noise (Option 004)
- · AM and wideband FM
- High performance pulse modulation (Option 008)
- Ultra low leakage (Option 010)

Choose one for your application...

	8643A 1 or 2 GHz	8644B 1 or 2 GHz	8664A 3 GHz	8665A/B A - 4.2 GHz/B - 6 GHz
RF communications				
Out-of-channel receiver testing ¹	Ideal for receivers with <90 dB selectivity and/or spurious immunity of <85 dB	Ideal for receivers with ≥90 dB selectivity and/or spurious immunity of ≥85 dB	Ideal for receivers with ≥90 dB selectivity with Option 004, and/or spurious immunity of <85 dB to 3 GHz	Same performance as 8664A but up to 6 GHz
General purpose	Electronic attenuator for increased reliability. Internal FM pre-emphasis of 750 µs	Lowest possible phase noise and spurious for R&D	Wideband FM with rates to 6 MHz for simulation of many new digital systems	Lowest noise and spurious to 6 GHz
Component test	Electronic attenuator for high volume testing	Highest output power for mixer testing	Ideal clock source with low phase jitter for high speed digital components	Best output level accuracy to 6 GHz for response testing
Radar/EW testing	Full functionality for R&D and manufacturing	Full functionality for R&D and manufacturing	Optional pulse modulation with internal delay and width adjust	Same performance as 8664A but up to 6 GHz for coverage of most surveillance radars
Avionics	Option 009 provides specified VOR/ILS signal simulation	Option 009 provides specified VOR/ILS signal simulation	Coverage of most weather and avionics radars. Option 008 provides pulse modulation capable of generating appropriate pulse width and delay internally	Same performance as 8664A up to 6 GHz

^{1.} For FM receivers with approximately 14 kHz IF BW and 25 kHz channel spacing

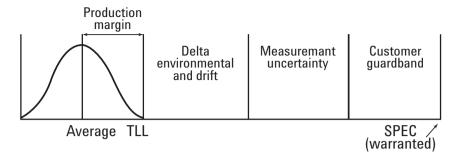
Performance backed by Agilent's reputation and manufacturing experience

Every Agilent Technologies' signal generator meets specifications that would reject most other signal generators

Before any Agilent Technologies' signal generator is introduced, specifications are set to assure that the product will perform consistently for your application. The specification setting process is reflective of the quality that Agilent has always strived to deliver. An explanation of Agilent's specification setting process will show the confidence that you can have when selecting an Agilent Technologies signal generator.

The model used for specification setting is illustrated in the above right figure. The following text defines each element in the figure.

- Production margin is the difference between the average product performance and the Test Line Limit (TLL). This TLL is the pass/fail limit used by the production line at final test under standard environmental conditions.
- Delta environmental represents the possible change in performance over the environmental extremes (e.g., temperature and humidity).



- Drift represents the change in performance over the calibration period.
- Measurement uncertainty accounts for possible measurement errors in the equipment used to characterize the signal generator.
- Customer guardband represents any additional margin necessary to ensure a worst case scenario.

This process means that whether the signal generator is placed in a high temperature environment such as at the top of a rack of equipment or a well controlled environment, the performance stated in our specifications can be relied on for your most exacting applications. This process guarantees that the signal generator is introducing the minimum error possible in the measurements you are performing.

Typical performance

Since some applications push the limits of specifications, Agilent Technologies also provides data that indicates typical performance. This typical performance is generally set at the Test Line Limit (TLL), which is significantly better than the warranted specification. Use the typical data when comparing different products, or when your application pushes the limit on a given specification. The following information highlights typical performance for the most common areas of interest for the 8643A, 8644B, 8664A and 8665A/B.

Typical performance, for applications that push specifications

SSB phase noise

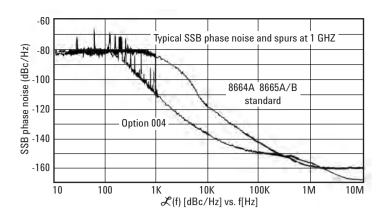
SSB phase noise is an important specification of a signal generator if it is to be used for measuring the adjacent channel selectivity of a receiver. If the phase noise of the signal generator is too high at frequency offsets equal to the channel spacing, the test results might indicate a failure of the receiver when it is actually functioning properly. For a receiver with <90 dB of selectivity the 8643A is recommended. If the selectivity is ≥90 dB, the 8644B (or 8664A with Option 004, or 8665A/B Option 004) is recommended.

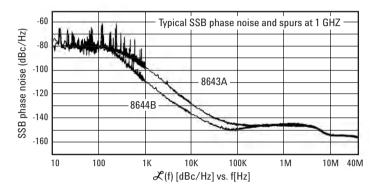
Output level accuracy

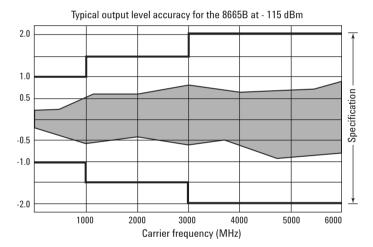
Output level accuracy is a combination of temperature variation, flatness over frequency, and the signal generator's internal attenuator and detector accuracies. The graph represents worst case output level accuracy of a sampling of 8665Bs. All of these units fall within the shaded area.

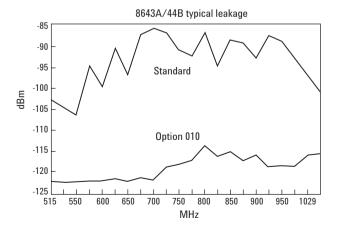
RF leakage

Due to radios becoming more sensitive and operating at higher frequencies, the traditional two-turn loop measurement of RF leakage has become inadequate. To overcome the shortcomings of the twoturn loop, Agilent has developed a new measurement technique using resonant dipole antennas, which is 20-25 dB more sensitive than the two-turn loop method. Agilent has been able to reduce the level of radiated emissions in its newer signal generators through innovative design and packaging. Understanding that not all applications require the lowest possible emissions, Option 010 is available on all of these performance signal generators.









Features that improve the usability of Agilent's 8643A, 8644B, 8664A and 8665A/B for your application!



Internal modulation source

- Low distortion sinewaves to 400 kHz with variable phase and amplitude.
- Triangle, sawtooth and squarewaves to 50 kHz with variable phase and amplitude.
- White Gaussian noise with variable amplitude.
- Two independent sources for two-tone testing.

Optional pulse modulation (Option 008, 8664A and 8665A/B)

- An Agilent designed GaAs pulse modulator provides the exceptional performance that is so critical for pulsed applications.
- <5 ns rise/fall times, >80 dB on/off ratio.
- Built-in pulse generator features include variable pulse delay and width from 50 ns to 999 ms. This saves purchasing additional equipment.
- Leveled RF output maintains accuracy while in pulse modulation.

High reliability electronic attenuator on the 8643A (optional on 8644B)

For applications up to 1 GHz, the electronic attenuator used in the 8643A provides increased reliability. Instead of using mechanical relays, the electronic attenuator uses solid-state components for setting output levels accurate to within ±1.0 dB. The Agilent patented design uses PIN switching elements with three million hours of MTBF, giving the attenuator an estimated 0.2% failure rate.



Wideband FM (8664A and 8665A/B)

- Typical rates to 5 MHz with 2 MHz of deviation, or rates to 800 kHz with 10 MHz of deviation (f_c >1500 MHz) allows testing of most wideband receivers.
- Excellent FM linearity is inherent due to YIG oscillator design.
- Stable dc-coupled FM for measurements that require low carrier drift.

Performance signal generator series features

- High stability oven controlled timebase is standard.
- Surface mount construction for improved reliability.
- Three year calibration cycle (MTBC) means less time in the calibration lab.
- Built-in self-diagnostics and calibration saves valuable time by significantly reducing down time.

2 GHz frequency counter (Option 011, 8643A and 8644B)

- 20 Hz to 2 GHz frequency counting via front panel connector.
- Cost and space efficient solution for applications involving audio frequency measurements, local oscillator, IF and transmitter testing.
- Eliminates the need to externally couple the timebase references when using an external counter.

Specifications

	8643A		8644B		8664A 8665A/B	
Frequency						
range:	.252 - 1030 N .252 - 2060 N	NHz NHz Option 002	.252 - 1030 N .252 - 2060 N	1Hz 1Hz Option 002	.1 - 3000 MHz .1 -4200 MHz .1 - 6000 MH:	8665A
Resolution:	.01 Hz		.01 Hz		.01 Hz	
Accuracy (std. timebase): <1 year of calibration	.375x10 ⁻⁶ times carrier in Hz		.375x10 ⁻⁶ times carrier in Hz			es carrier in Hz
Switching speed (typical): (within 100 Hz)	<90 ms <200 ms with FM on		<350 ms		<50 ms (with <100 ms Opt	
Internal reference oscillator		andard high stabili			001 high stabilit	
Aging:	+1.5x10 ⁻⁸ /day after te				⁰ /day after ten	days
Temperature:		x10 ⁻¹⁰ , 0 to 55° C			⁰ , to 55° C	
Line voltage:		x10 ⁻¹⁰ , (+5%, -10%			⁰ , ±10%	
Output:	10	MHz, >0 . 15 V_{rms} I			z , >1 V_{rms} level in	nto 50 Ω
External reference input: Electronic frequency control (EFC):						0 Vdc,
Spectral purity						
SSB phase noise (dBc/Hz):						
(at 20 kHz offset)						
Carrier (MHz)					Standard Op	tion 004
4120 - 6000	N/A		NA		-105 -11	
3000 - 4120	N/A		NA		-105 -12	2
2060 - 3000	N/A		NA		-111 -12	2
1030 - 2060	-124 (Option	002)	-130 (Option 002)		-111 -12	
515 - 1030	-130 (-134 ty		-136 (-142 typical)		-117 -13	
257.5 - 515	-136	piouij	-142		-122 -13	
128.5 - 257.5	-140		-145		N/A N/	
.25 - 128.5	-142		-145		N/A N/	
8664A, 8665A/B	-142		-143		IN/A IN/	A
187.5 - 257.5	NA		NA		-128 -14	1
.1 - 187.5	NA		NA NA		-126 -14 -117 -13	
Nonharmonics:	<-100 dBc, >10 kHz offset, .252 - 1030 MHz <-94 dBc, >10 kHz offset, 1030 - 2060 MHz		<-105 dBc, >10 kHz offset, .252 - 1030 MHz <-100 dBc, >10 kHz <-100 dBc, >10 kHz offset, 1030 - 2060 MHz <-90 dBc, >10 kHz <-90 dBc, >10 kHz 2060 - 6000 h .1 - 187.5 MHz		60 MHz 0 kHz offset, 01 MHz,	
Hammaniaa	< 2E dD = =	4m.u4 < 10 dD.m.	< 2E dD = =	+m+ ✓ , 10 dD		
Harmonics: Subharmonics:	<-25 aBc, ou None, .252 -	tput ≤+8 dBm	<-25 aBc, ou None, .252 -	tput ≤+10 dBm	<-30 aBc, ou	tput ≤+10 dBm
Submannonics.		5 - 1030 MHz		5 - 1030 MHz		
		30 - 2060 MHz		30 - 2060 MHz		00 - 3000 MHz 00 - 60001 MHz
D : 1 15M (II)	∼-40 ubc, 10	30 - 2000 WIFIZ	~-40 ubc, 10 ⋅	30 - 2000 WITIZ		
Residual FM (Hz rms):	0111 8111	4E 111 B11	0111 5111	45 LU BY		ption004
Carrier (MHz)	3 kHz BW	15 kHz BW	3 kHz BW	15 kHz BW	3 kHz BW	15 kHz BW
2060-60001		_	-		<60/<10	<80/<32
1030-2060	<4	<8	<2	<4	<15/<2.5	<20/<8
515-1030	<2	<4	<1	<2	<7.5/<1.2	<10/<4
257.5-515	<1.2	<2	<0.5	<1	<7.5/<1.2	<10/<4
.25-257.5	<1	<1.2	<0.5	<0.5	_	_
8664A, 8665A/B						
187.5-257.5	_	_	_	_	<7.5/<1.2	<10/<4
.1-187.5	-	_	_	_	<15/<2.5	<20/<8
Residual AM: (.3 to 3 kHz post det. BW)	<0.01% AM	rms	<0.01% AM rms		<0.04% AM rms	
(.5 to 5 kHz post det. BW) SSB AM noise floor (dBc/Hz): <-157, 10 dBm, <1030 MHz (offsets >100 kHz) <-150, 10 dBm, <2060 MHz			<-157, 10 dBm, <1030 MHz <-150, 10 dBm, <2060 MHz		<-137, 13 dBm, <187.5 MHz <-150, 13 dBm, >187.5 MHz	

^{1. 3000} MHz for 8664A, 4200 MHz for 8665A, 6000 MHz for 8665B.

Specifications (continued)

	8643A	8644B	8664A 8665A/B
Output level			
Range:	+13 to -137 dBm	+16 to -137 dBm,	+13 to -139.9 dBm
		+13 dBm, Option002	+9 dBm, Option 008
Resolution:	.01 Hz	.01 Hz	.01 Hz
Absolute accuracy:	±1 dB, output ≥-127 dBm	±1 dB, output ≥-127 dBm	± 1 dB, output \geq -119.9 dBm,
	±3 dB, output <-127 dBm	±3 dB, output <-127 dBm	1 - 1000 MHz
			± 1.5 dB, output \geq -119.9 dBm,
			1000 to 3000 MHz
			±2 dB, output ≥-119.9 dBm,
			3000 to 60001, <1 MHz
			±3 dB, output ≥-129.9 dBm
Reverse power protection:	50 watts	50 watts	25 watts ² , .1 - 2060 MHz
			1 watt, >2060 MHz
Third order intermod:	<-50 dBc	<-50 dBc	<-47 dBc
(frequencies < 1300 MHz, two			
signals at +8 dBm, 25 kHz apart			
through a resistive combiner)			
Overrange:	Typically 2 dB	Typically 2 dB	Typically 2 dB
Switching speed (typical):	<50 ms	<50 ms	<50 ms
SWR:			
Output level			<3000 MHz ≥3000 MHz
≥0 dBm	<2.2:1	<2.2:1	<1.75:1 <2.0:1
<0 dBm	<1.5:1	<1.5:1	<1.5:1 <1.75:1
Output impedance:	50 Ω	50 Ω	50 Ω
Amplitude modulation			
Depth:	0 - 100%, output ≤+7 dBm	0 - 100%, output ≤+7 dBm	0 - 100%, output ≤+7 dBm
Resolution:	.1%	.1%	.1%
Bandwidth (3 dB):	dc to >100 kHz, >128 MHz	dc to >100 kHz, >128 MHz	dc to >10 kHz for >10 MHz
Accuracy:	$\pm (7\%$ of setting +1%) up to	±(7% of setting +1%) up to	± (6% of setting +1%) up to
1 kHz rate	80% depth	80% depth	90% depth
Distortion:	<3%; <4% Option 002	<3%; <4% Option 002	<4%
30% depth, 1 kHz rate			
Incidental phase modulation:	<0.2 radians peak	<0.2 radians peak	<0.2 radians peak, ≤2000 MHz
(at 30% depth, 1 kHz rate)			<0.2 radians peak, >2000 MHz
External input impedance:	600 Ω	600 Ω	600 Ω
Frequency modulation			
Maximum peak deviation:	2 MHz, 1030 - 2060 MHz	20 MHz/200 kHz3, >1030 MHz	20 MHz, 3000 - 60001 MHz
·	1 MHz, 515 - 1030 MHz	10 MHz/100 kHz3, >515 MHz	10 MHz, 1500 - 3000 MHz
	500 kHz, 257.5 -515 MHz	5 MHz/50 kHz3, >257.5 MHz	5 MHz, 750 - 1500 MHz
	250 kHz, 128.5 - 257.5 MHz	2.5 MHz/25 kHz, >128.5 MHz	2.5 MHz, 375 - 750 MHz
	125 kHz, 64 - 128.5 MHz	1.25 MHz/12.5 kHz ³ , >64 MHz	1.25 MHz, 187.5 - 375 MHz
	62.5 kHz, 32 - 64 MHz	62.5 kHz/6.25 kHz ³ , >32 MHz	5 MHz, <187.5 MHz
	Deviation halves per lower octave	Deviation halves per lower octave	
	(>16, >8, >4, >2, >1, >.5 MHz)		
Resolution:	2.5% of setting	2.5% of setting	2.5% of setting
Bandwidth (3 dB):	dc to 100 kHz	dc to 100 kHz	dc to 800 kHz
Carrier accuracy in FM:	±0.5% of setting	±0.5% of setting	±0.6% of setting
Indicator accuracy:	<5%, <30 kHz rates	<5%, <30 kHz rates	±9%, <20 kHz rates
	<10%, <100 kHz rates	<10%, <100 kHz rates	±11%, <20 kHz rates, Option 004
Distortion:	<5%, 20 Hz to 100 kHz rates ³	<5%, < 1% ³ 20 Hz to 100 kHz	<1%, 20 Hz to 20 kHz rates
Incidental AM:	<0.5%, deviation ≤20 kHz	<0.5%, deviation ≤20 kHz	<0.3%, deviation ≤20 kHz
External group delay:	<10 μs, <100 kHz rates	<10 µs, ≤100 kHz rates	<30 μs, ≤20 kHz rates
-/idi gioup doluği	. 5 µ0, 1100 KHZ 10100	. ο μο, _ ι ο ο κι ιζ ιατου	- ο ο μο, <u></u> ο κι ι <u>ε</u> ιατου

^{1. 3000} MHz for 8664A, 4200 MHz for 8665A, 6000 MHz for 8665B.

^{2.} One watt on 8665B.

^{3.} Low noise mode three.

Specifications (continued)

	8643A	8644B	8664A 8665A/B
Pulse modulation			Option 008
On/off ratio:	>35 dB	s, >80 dB, >1030 MHz	>80 dB
Rise/fall time, 10 - 90%:		<100 ns	<5 ns
Repetition rate:		dc to 1 MHz	dc to 10 MHz
Internal width/delay:		N/A	Variable from 50 ns to 1s ±5% accuracy, 0.2% of full scale resolution
Minimum width:		0.5 μs	10 ns
Video feedthrough/overshoot:		<15%	<25%
Output level accuracy:		±2 dB	Same as standard
External inputs/outputs:		/el: On state; >3.0 V _{peak}	Input level: TTL into 50 Ω or
	(600 Ω input in	npedance) Off state; <0.8 V _{peak}	Schottky TTL
			Sync out and video out: TTL into 50 Ω
Internal modulation source Number of sources: Waveforms and rates:	phase, amplitude a modulation and pu		n, independently adjustable in frequency, internally modulated with AM, FM, phase vaveform.
vavelering and rates.		, square; 0.1 Hz to 50 kHz	
Frequency accuracy:	Same as timebase	•	
Output level (into 600 Ω):	1 V _{peak} , 2 V _{peak} for 8643A and 8644B		
Output resolution:	2 mV _{peak}		
Total harmonic distortion:	<0.1%, ≤20 kHz ra	tes	
Frequency sweep			
Digital sweep:			ear/log selection5 to 1000 sec sweeps.
Markers/Z axis output:		ilable $/Z$ axis output nominally +5 V/X	•
Phase continuous sweep:	40 MHz of span av	ailable at maximum carrier frequency.	20 ms to 10 sec sweep times.
Remote programming			
Interface:	GPIB (IEEE 488.2-1	•	
Control language:		systems Language (HP-SL). All function	• •
IEEE-488 functions:	SH1, AH1, T6, TEO, L4, LEO, SR1, RL1, PPO, DC1, DTO, CO, E2.		

Specifications (continued)

	8643A	8644B	8664A 8665A/B	
Avionics Option 009	Option 009 provides the performance needed for testing VOR and ILS (localizer, glide slope and marker beacon) receivers. Option 009 provides guaranteed specifications necessary to make these demanding tests.		eivers.	
VOR (108 to 118 MHz)	Bearing accuracy: 0 AM accuracy (30%) FM accuracy (480 F			
ILS: localizer/glide slope (108 to 112 MHz/329.3 to 335 MHz)	DDM resolution: DDM accuracy:	Localizer: 0.0002 Glide slope: (Localizer: ±0.0004 ±5% of DDI Glide slope: ±0.0008 ±5% of D	Л	
Marker beacon (75 MHz):	AM accuracy: ±5% of setting AM distortion: 2% AM accuracy (95%): ±5% of setting + 1% AM distortion: 5%			
2 GHz counter Option 011				
Frequency range:	20 Hz to 2 GHz in th	N/A		
Sensitivity:	25 mV _{rms} (-19 dBm i	nto 50Ω)		
Maximum input:	2.25 V _{rms} (+20 dBm	into 50 Ω)		
Impedance:	50 Ω , 10 MHz to 2 GHz; 1 M Ω shunted by <65 pf, <10 MHz			
Coupling:	ac			
Gate times:	0.1s to 1s in 0.1s st	eps		
Measurement resolution:	Measured frequency	$_{\rm y}^{\rm o}$ (Hz) x 10 ⁻⁸ /gate time or 0.01 Hz if $_{ m c}$	yreater	
Measurement uncertainty:	(± timebase accuracy) plus (± measurement resolution)			

±10% of 100 V, 120 V, 220 V or 240 V; 48 to 440 Hz; 500 VA except 8643A/44B 400 VA. Power requirements:

Operating temperature: 0 to 55 °C

Conducted and radiated interference meets MIL STD 461 B REO2 and FTZ 1046. Leakage:

Leakage is measured into a resonant dipole antenna, one inch from the instrument's surface

with output level < 0 dBm (all inputs/outputs properly terminated, $f_c < 1$ GHz). Leakage is typically $<16 \,\mu\text{V}$ or $<2 \,\mu\text{V}$ with Option 010, measured at the front panel.

The older two-turn loop method of measurement is typically <1 μ V or <0. 1 μ V for Option 010.

Acoustic noise: Typically <5.5 bels

Storage registers: Ten full function and 40 frequency/amplitude registers.

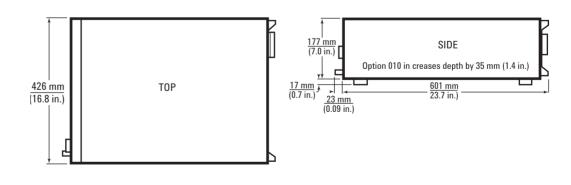
Calibration/diagnostics: Internal calibration and diagnostics functions are available to the user. Built-in test capability

locates circuit malfunctions to allow repair through module replacement.

Calibration interval: Recommended three years (MTBC).

Weight: 8643A; 23 kg (50 lbs). 8644B; 30 kg (67 lbs). 8664A/65A/B; 35 kg (78 lbs)

Dimensions: 177H x 426W x 601D mm (7 x 16.8 x 23.7 in.). Option 010 adds 35 mm (1.4 in.) to depth.



Ordering information

8643A 8644B 8665A 8665B

Options:

001 High stability time base with EFC 002 2 GHz doubled output 003 Rear panel input/output 004 Low noise option 005 Electronic attenuator (N/A with Option 002) 008 Pulse modulation 009 Specified VOR/ILS 010 Reduced leakage configuration

908 Rack flange kit (5061-9678)
909 Combined front/rack flange kit (5061-9684)
910 Extra manual set (includes service manual)
915 Add service manual
Service kit
W30 Additional 3 years of return warranty

Transit case (9211-2662) Transit case wheels (1490-0913) Non-tilting rack slide kit (1494-0059) Tilting rack slide kit (1494-0063)

011 2 GHz internal frequency counter 907 Front handle kit (5061-9690)

you use Agilent equipment, we can verify that it works properly, help with product operation, and provide basic measurement assistance for the use of specified capabilities, at no extra cost upon request. Many self-help tools are available.

(08643-90001)

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Our Promise

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Your Advantage

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